

FAQ

Is Safe2Tell only in Colorado?

Yes, Safe2Tell is for Colorado students however there are 28 other states that have similar programs. Some of these programs might be for cities or school districts rather than for the entire state.

When was Safe2Tell created?



Safe2Tell was first developed in 2004 as a result of the Columbine High School shooting. Safe2Tell started as a nonprofit and is now a state funded program under the Colorado Department of Law and the Attorney General.

How many lives has Safe2Tell saved?

We don't have data about events that are stopped or don't take place because of a Safe2Tell report. We do have many stories such as this [one](#) that show how important this program is for saving lives and protecting students.

If Safe2Tell is anonymous, how can you be prosecuted for making a false report?



Example: A student made a very serious false threat to their school which caused a major disruption for students and teachers. Safe2Tell is anonymous by state law, however fellow classmates came forward and turned the student in when they found out who made the report. The students were upset that their classmate caused so much chaos. Schools can often determine who made a false report after conducting an investigation.

What do you do about false reports?

97% of 22,486 reports were considered valid during the 2022-2023 school year. We do not receive as many false reports as people think. Safe2Tell does not give consequences for making false threats as the reports are anonymous. However, schools or law enforcement may take action if necessary, after their investigations.